PRESENT SIMPLE / PRESENT CONTINUOUS / STATE VERBS

THE PRESENT SIMPLE

- to say when things happen if they take place regularly: They eat lunch at two o'clock.
- to talk about permanent situations: I work in London.
- to state general truths: Popular CDs sell really fast. The moon goes round the earth.

- to talk about habits and how often they happen: You buy new clothes every Saturday.
- to describe the plots of books and films: The story begins and ends in Spain. The year is 1937.

WE USE

WE USE

THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS

- to talk about the present moment: *I'm wearing* a pair of old jeans. *I'm looking* at that CD right now.
- to suggest that an action is temporary, often with words like now, at the moment, at present or just: They're eating lunch at the moment. I'm working in London this week. (= I don't usually work in London)
- for an action around the time of speaking, which has begun but is not finished: I'm doing my homework.
 I'm looking round the shops. (Millie isn't looking round at this moment – she has stopped to talk to Lisa – but she plans to continue looking round later)

- for changing or developing situations: That group's becoming more well known. The earth's temperature is rising.
- with a word like always or continually, if we want to criticise or complain: You're always buying new clothes! (= you buy too many) I'm always forgetting people's names. (= it's very irritating)
- with always when something unexpected happens several times: I'm always meeting my neighbour John near the station. I guess he works somewhere near there.

B2 PANIC????

Nope, thanks.



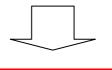
WHICH ONE IS CORRECT?

- 1 Teresa Russian at evening classes this term.
 - A is studying
 - B studies
 - C study



These verbs are nearly always used in a simple rather than a continuous tense:

- thoughts: believe, know, mean, realise, recognise, remember, suppose, understand, feel (= believe), think (= believe):
- feelings: adore, dislike, despise, hate, like, love, want, wish, prefer: They despise me because of the way I'm living.
- belonging: belong, have / have got (= possess), own, possess: It belongs to my father.
- senses: smell, taste, hear, see:



VERY IMPORTANT

We use *can* with these verbs to show we are talking about this moment:

I can see the postman at the gate.

I can hear someone in the next room.

• other state verbs: contain, deserve, fit, seem, look (= seem), look like, matter, weigh:

This medicine contains aspirin.

Mark weighs 70 kilos.

Weigh can be continuous when it means the action: *The shop assistant's weighing the cheese.*

EXERCISE

In five of these sentences there is a verb in the wrong tense. Underline each mistake and write the correction.

1	My brother lives with us until he can find a flat of his own is living
2	These days we're always having tests in school
3	I'm not having enough money for a long holiday this year
4	Everyone needs a break from work sometimes
5	I'm liking a good cup of coffee after lunch
6	I must lose weight – I'm weighing over 80 kilos.
7	Maria is going to the shops every Saturday morning
8	What period of history are you studying this term?

ANSWERS

2 correct 3 I'm not having I don't have / haven't got 4 correct 5 I'm liking I like 6 I'm weighing I weigh 7 is going goes 8 correct (> Grammar, parts 1-3)