

BANCO DE REVISIÓN GRAMATICAL 5 (PEvAU Andalucía)

1. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
 - a. "Anne... (be) late every day since Tuesday."
 - b. "I... (sleep) when the fire broke out."
2. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
 - a. "I am very bad... (in / at / for / into) mathematics."
 - b. "If you don't know a word, you have to look it... (for / up / in / on)."
3. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE ACTIVE VOICE: "The house will be cleaned every Saturday."
4. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: "If I saw an injured animal, ..."
5. REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING: "The woman which work here is from Sweden."
6. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "There are eight denominations of euro coins."
7. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
 - a. "They want me... (pay) extra for the children."
 - b. "I wish they... (give) me the job now!"
8. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT WORD:
 - a. "Be aware... (preposition) the consequences."
 - b. "Well, that really depends... (preposition) you."
9. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: "People say that Iceland's waterfalls are wonderful."
10. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "She travels abroad every year."
11. REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING: "I only have one children, but I would like to have other one."
12. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. "A penguin is a bird. It cannot fly."
13. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
 - a. "By three o'clock tomorrow, he... (finish) the report."
 - b. "Remember... (lock) the door before you go."
14. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
 - a. "Look... (up / on / through / for) the word in the dictionary if you don't know the meaning."
 - b. "You may go to the party... (unless / although / as long as / owing to) you're home by twelve o'clock."
15. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: "Take a doggy bag home if..."
16. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "It's been raining for two hours."
17. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO DIRECT SPEECH: "He told me not to wait for him."
18. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED: "Someone is painting Mary's kitchen tomorrow." Mary is...
19. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
 - a. "He suggested... (invite) his parents for dinner but I didn't fancy the idea."
 - b. "I wish I... (not eat) so many cakes last night."
20. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
 - a. "I ran... (over / on / through / into) Marcus yesterday and we went for a quick coffee."
 - b. "We went to the beach... (besides / although / in spite / despite) the heavy rain."
21. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE PRONOUN. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. "Paris is the city. I would love to spend my honeymoon there."
22. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "There were twenty three children at the birthday party."

BANCO DE REVISIÓN GRAMATICAL 5 (PEvAU Andalucía)

23. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: **“They didn’t give us the ticket at the shop.”**
24. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED: **“If he doesn’t call this week, it will be too late.” Unless...**
25. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
 - a. **“There is no point in... (take) that job.”**
 - b. **“At this time tomorrow I... (celebrate) my birthday.”**
26. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
 - a. **“Bob made... (to / up / by / into) a funny story.”**
 - b. **“This music is aimed... (for / by / at / into) young people.”**
27. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: **“They are making many arrangements to celebrate the Erasmus anniversary.”**
28. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If I had the chance to study abroad, ...”**
29. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO REPORTED SPEECH: **“It was wonderful to meet them last night!” Susan exclaimed.**
30. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING AN APPROPRIATE LINKER (DO NOT USE *AND*, *BUT*, OR *BECAUSE*). MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. **“He’s had lots of girlfriends. He’s single now.”**
31. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
 - a. **“By 2035, they ... (sell) the Oculus Rift to every school in Europe.”**
 - b. **“I love ... (chat) with my classmates.”**
32. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
 - a. **“I wish I... (would buy / bought / had bought) the house when you told me.”**
 - b. **“I am looking forward... (to / on / for / at) buying the latest mobile phone.”**
33. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: **“Young people always follow the latest trends in technology.”**
34. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“Unless you pay me back, ...”**
35. REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING: **“I don’t never call to him in the evening.”**
36. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: **“My closest relatives will send me a new smartphone.”**
37. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT WORD:
 - a. **“I am very keen ... (preposition) videogames.”**
 - b. **“My brother is absolutely devoted ... (preposition) skateboarding.”**
38. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
 - a. **“I didn’t play as... (worst / badly / better/ worse) as the other members of the team.”**
 - b. **“You can trust him. He is very...” (reliable / relying / unreliable / relied)**
39. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If I had had a faster computer, ...”**
40. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: **“Anne often posts nice messages on social media.”**
41. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. **“My password is very difficult to guess. I created my password with alphanumeric characters three years ago.”**
42. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: **“I would like to upload two selfies.”**
43. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
 - a. **“I wish I... (study) harder for my last exam.”**
 - b. **“I can’t get used to... (live) in such a small place.”**
44. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
 - a. **“Alaska is the... (less / least / fewest / little) populated state in the USA.”**
 - b. **“People are very... (keen / ashamed / concerned / interested) about the damage to the environment.”**
45. REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING: **“You needn’t to buy a ticket for park here.”**

BANCO DE REVISIÓN GRAMATICAL 5 (PEvAU Andalucía)

46. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: “**The people of Greece offered a variety of sacrifices to Zeus.**”
47. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO DIRECT SPEECH: “**Mary told her children not to get up so early because they didn’t have to go to school.**”
48. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. “**My eyes were tested by the optician.**” I had...
49. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT WORD:
- “**She is very good...** (preposition) **singing.**”
 - “**It all depends...** (preposition) **the weather.**”
50. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
- “**I am too busy to take a holiday; ..., (too / however / therefore / besides) I don’t have the money.**”
 - “**Don’t go to school if you... (don’t / couldn’t / will / may not) feel well.**”
51. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. “**What is the phone number of the flower shop? You bought the roses in that flower shop.**”
52. USE THE WORDS IN THE BOX TO MAKE A MEANINGFUL SENTENCE. USE ALL AND ONLY THE WORDS IN THE BOXES WITHOUT CHANGING THEIR FORM:

is	hard	this	book	extremely	find	to
----	------	------	------	-----------	------	----

53. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: “**Mary may have changed the flat tyre.**”
54. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: “**He visits his uncle every two weeks.**”
55. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
- “**My brother always complains about... (do) his chores.**”
 - “**I would like him... (be) more responsible.**”
56. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT WORD:
- “**My friend is very keen... (preposition) astronomy.**”
 - “**I do not care... (preposition) horoscopes.**”
57. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO REPORTED SPEECH: “**“Do you want to come to the cinema with me?” he asked me.**”
58. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: “**If I could choose a profession, ...**”
59. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: “**They offered me a good deal.**”
60. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING AN APPROPRIATE LINKER (DO NOT USE *AND*, *BUT*, OR *BECAUSE*). MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. “**All beliefs are equally valid. Everybody should respect them.**”
61. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
- “**I love hats. I... (wear) them all my life.**”
 - “**If the teacher... (help) me more, I would have passed the exam.**”
62. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT WORD:
- “**He didn’t apply... (preposition) the job.**”
 - “**He couldn’t go on holiday due to his lack... (preposition) money.**”
63. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: “**They informed her about the project.**”
64. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING AN APPROPRIATE LINKER (DO NOT USE *AND*, *BUT*, OR *BECAUSE*). MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. “**I was extremely tired. I had to go to bed early.**”
65. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. “**The Academy of Awards gave Emma Stone a very important prize.**”
Emma Stone...
66. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. “**The headmaster has taken measures to promote equality between boys and girls. He is very worried about gender issues.**”
67. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
- “**I always avoid... (phone) people after 10 pm.**”
 - “**It’s hard for me... (stop) snacking.**”
68. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT WORD:
- “**They went... (preposition) holiday to the mountains.**”

BANCO DE REVISIÓN GRAMATICAL 5 (PEvAU Andalucía)

- b. "She goes to the gym... (preposition) the morning."
69. REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING: "He couldn't to drive, so he went to Paris on train."
70. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: "If I were you,..."
71. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: "Did anyone deliver the letter yesterday?"
72. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. "Although it was raining, we went out." Despite...
73. GIVE A WORD MEANING "to try to make people not want to do something."
74. GIVE ONE OPPOSITE FOR "rude" (adjective).
75. FILL IN THE GAP WITH THE CORRECT OPTION: "Phubbers should apologize... their behavior." with / at / for / on
76. GIVE AN ADJECTIVE WITH THE SAME ROOT AS "talk" (verb).
77. GIVE ONE SYNONYM FOR "irritating" (adjective).
78. FILL IN THE GAP WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS: "I wish I... (pay) more attention to my friends the last time I met them."
79. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. "You should talk to each other face to face." You had...
80. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "I lost my cell phone at the cafeteria."
81. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: "Waiters ask customers to stop phoning while they are ordering."
82. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO REPORTED SPEECH: "These people are not listening to their friends now," said the waiter.
83. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: "If I left my mobile phone at home..."
84. GIVE ONE OPPOSITE FOR "failure" (noun).
85. GIVE A NOUN WITH THE SAME ROOT AS "truly" (adverb).
86. GIVE ONE SYNONYM FOR "major"
87. FILL IN THE GAP WITH THE CORRECT OPTION: "Peter congratulated me... my new job." with / in / up / on
88. GIVE A WORD THAT HAS THE FOLLOWING DEFINITION: "To have to deal with something."
89. FILL IN THE GAP WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS: "I'm looking forward to... (take) part in a carnival."
90. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. "Perhaps I will have time to cook something special tomorrow." I...
91. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE ACTIVE VOICE: "Hamburgers must be kept in the fridge."
92. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO REPORTED SPEECH: "Where did you hide my glasses?" Lucy asked her little sister.
93. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING AN APPROPRIATE LINKER (DO NOT USE AND, BUT, OR BECAUSE). MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. "I've joined a drama club. I want to become an actress."
94. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "Enslaved people escaped from the oppression of their daily routine."
95. GIVE A WORD THAT HAS THE FOLLOWING DEFINITION: "belonging to the present time."
96. WHICH WORD DOES NOT HAVE THE SAME MEANING? extraordinary / upsetting / outstanding / remarkable
97. GIVE ONE SYNONYM FOR "destructive" (adjective).
98. FILL IN THE GAP WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS: "I suddenly remembered that I... (forget) my keys."
99. GIVE A NOUN WITH THE SAME ROOT AS "aware" (adjective).
100. FILL IN THE GAP WITH THE CORRECT OPTION: "I would rather... at home." stay / to stay / staying / stayed
101. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. "John Vella has broken up with his wife. He was my first love."
102. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "I've just come across my neighbour in the street."

BANCO DE REVISIÓN GRAMATICAL 5 (PEvAU Andalucía)

103. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If I hadn’t broken up with my first love...”**
104. USE THE WORDS IN THE BOX TO MAKE A MEANINGFUL SENTENCE. USE ALL AND ONLY THE WORDS IN THE BOX WITHOUT CHANGING THEIR FORM.
- | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-----|---------|-----|------|--------|
| complaining | about | are | partner | you | your | always |
|-------------|-------|-----|---------|-----|------|--------|
105. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: **“They haven’t decided the exact date for the wedding yet.”**
106. GIVE ONE OPPOSITE FOR **“nearby”** (adjective)
107. GIVE AN ADJECTIVE WITH THE SAME ROOT AS **“cheer”** (noun).
108. GIVE ONE SYNONYM FOR **“desire”** (noun).
109. FILL IN THE GAP WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS: **“Don’t forget... (book) the tickets in advance.”**
110. FILL IN THE GAP WITH THE CORRECT OPTION: **“You need to look.... the word in a dictionary.” in / at / up / on**
111. WHICH WORD DOES NOT HAVE THE SAME MEANING? **awesome / impressive / astonishing / stubborn**
112. REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING: **“People was waiting for the actress for a little minutes.”**
113. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO REPORTED SPEECH: **The banker told me: “Don’t give me the money now.”**
114. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If I had magic powers...”**
115. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. **“I’ve been playing chess for twenty years.” I started...**
116. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: **“The company is not hiring him for the job.”**
117. GIVE A WORD THAT HAS THE FOLLOWING DEFINITION: **“a feeling of intense happiness.”**
118. GIVE ONE SYNONYM FOR **“perhaps”** (adverb).
119. GIVE AN ADJECTIVE WITH THE SAME ROOT AS **“emotion”** (noun).
120. FILL IN THE GAP WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS: **“I can’t stop... (bite) my nails.”**
121. WHICH WORD IS NOT AN ADJECTIVE? **sharp / hopeless / harm / hard**
122. REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING: **“Teens ought behave correct.”**
123. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: **“Riley’s mother knows what she is thinking about.”**
124. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO REPORTED SPEECH: **“My emotions are so complex that I can’t understand myself,” the teenager claimed.**
125. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If I knew myself better...”**
126. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE ACTIVE VOICE: **“We are taught how to control our emotions by psychologists.”**
127. USE THE WORDS IN THE BOX TO MAKE A MEANINGFUL SENTENCE. USE ALL AND ONLY THE WORDS IN THE BOX WITHOUT CHANGING THEIR FORM.

teens	to	used	most	upset	are	feeling
-------	----	------	------	-------	-----	---------

128. GIVE A WORD WHICH HAS THE FOLLOWING DEFINITION: **“Someone who is neither a friend nor an acquaintance.”**
129. GIVE AN ADJECTIVE WITH THE SAME ROOT AS **“attention”** (noun).
130. FILL IN THE GAP WITH THE CORRECT OPTION: **“British people are very keen... keeping their traditions.” of / on / to / in**
131. GIVE ONE OPPOSITE FOR **“rise”** (noun).
132. WHICH WORD IS NOT AN ADVERB? **often / early / chilly / eagerly**
133. WHICH WORD DOES NOT HAVE THE SAME MEANING? **enemy / antagonist / fool / opponent**
134. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. **“My cousin Martha is British. She has always driven on the left.”**
135. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If Spain decides tomorrow that cars should drive on the left...”**

BANCO DE REVISIÓN GRAMATICAL 5 (PEvAU Andalucía)

136. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE ACTIVE VOICE: **“A change was introduced all over Europe by Napoleon.”**
137. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING AN APPROPRIATE LINKER (DO NOT USE *AND*, *BUT*, OR *BECAUSE*). MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. **“He composed outstanding music. He was deaf.”**
138. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: **“I bought a kimono for my friend Kate in Japan.”**
139. GIVE A WORD WHICH HAS THE FOLLOWING DEFINITION: **“to change from a solid to a liquid state.”**
140. GIVE ONE SYNONYM FOR **“remember”** (verb).
141. GIVE A NOUN WITH THE SAME ROOT AS **“soft”** (adjective).
142. FILL IN THE GAP WITH THE CORRECT OPTION: **“My uncle got heart disease due... junk food.”** to / in / of / for
143. FILL IN THE GAP WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS: **“You should start ... (take) physical exercise.”**
144. WHICH WORD DOES NOT HAVE THE SAME MEANING? **junk / garbage / litter / range**
145. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If I had done more exercise...”**
146. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. **“Even though she eats healthy food, she is overweight.”** In spite of...
147. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: **“The brain produces a lot of chemicals during the eating process.”**
148. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: **“Food companies spend millions on specialised research.”**
149. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. **“This is the fast food restaurant. I met my girlfriend in this restaurant.”**
150. GIVE A WORD THAT HAS THE FOLLOWING DEFINITION: **“wet portion of land in a desert.”**
151. GIVE AN ADJECTIVE WITH THE SAME ROOT AS **“anger”** (noun).
152. GIVE ONE SYNONYM FOR **“magnetic”** (adjective)
153. FILL IN THE GAP WITH A CORRECT PREPOSITION: **“David paid... the drinks.”**
154. GIVE AN OPPOSITE FOR **“forbid”** (verb).
155. WHICH WORD DOES NOT HAVE THE SAME MEANING? **aptitude / skill / attraction / ability**
156. REWRITE THE SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED. **“That afternoon, the speaker gave a wonderful speech to the London audience.”** That afternoon, the London audience...
157. USE THE WORDS IN THE BOXES TO MAKE A MEANINGFUL SENTENCE. USE ALL AND ONLY THE WORDS IN THE BOXES WITHOUT CHANGING THEIR FORM.

came	advice	she	to	me	for
------	--------	-----	----	----	-----

158. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: **“If people had known Hitler’s intentions...”**
159. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO DIRECT SPEECH: **“He asked her if she could tell him the answer to those questions.”**
160. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY. **“Dr. King was born in America. He was one of the most famous politicians of the 20th century.”**