$\underline{https://view.genial.ly/658b3b172e5a3500143d7d2a/horizontal-infographic-review-organic-nutrients-the-food-wheel}$

1.- ORGANIC NUTRIENTS: WHAT ARE THEY? WHAT DO THEY DO?

Organic nutrients are biomolecules found in food from organic sources and we classify them into four main groups. Can you match the information to the correct group?

CARBOHYDRATES _1 BUILDING NUTRIENTS PROTEINS	LIPIDS (fats & oils) Vitamins REGULATING NUTRIENTS
REGULATING NUTRIENTS	1. are fuel for our cells
VITAMINS	2. ADIPOSITES are the cells that store the excess of energy
	3. are part of many tissues & organs
	4. help in many organic processes
	5. carry oxygen in the blood
	6. are an energy reserve
	7. ADIPOSE TISSUE protects your organs and shapes your body
	8. defend the body
	9. are important for growth
	10. are stored in the muscles & the liver

2.- THE FOOD WHEEL: COMPOSITION AND SOURCE OF FOOD GROUPS.

The food wheel classifies food into 6 groups by composition and origin. Look at the wheel and write the information in the correct place.

COMPOSITION

carbohydrates
lipids
proteins
vitamins & minerals



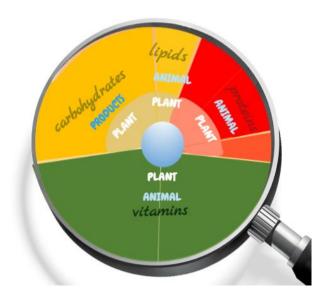
SOURCE

meats, fish, eggs
vegetables
potatoes, cereals, sugar
fruits
oil, butter
dairy products

COMPOSITION	GROUP 1	SOURCE
COMPOSITION	GROUP 2	SOURCE
COMPOSITION	GROUP 3	SOURCE
COMPOSITION	GROUP 4	SOURCE
COMPOSITION	GROUP 5	SOURCE
COMPOSITION	GROUP 6	SOURCE

3.- WHERE DO ORGANIC NUTRIENTS COME FROM?

Food can come from plant sources or animal sources. Put the different foods in the correct place.



CARBOHYDRATES

- 1. PLANT:
- 2. PRODUCTS:

LIPIDS (fats & oils)

- 3. PLANT:
- 4. ANIMAL:

PROTEINS

- 5. PLANT:
- 6. ANIMAL:

VITAMINS

- 7. PLANT:
- 8. ANIMAL:

sugar and flour

vegetable oils, nuts

fish, meat, milk. eggs

fruit, cereals, potatoes

legumes, cereals

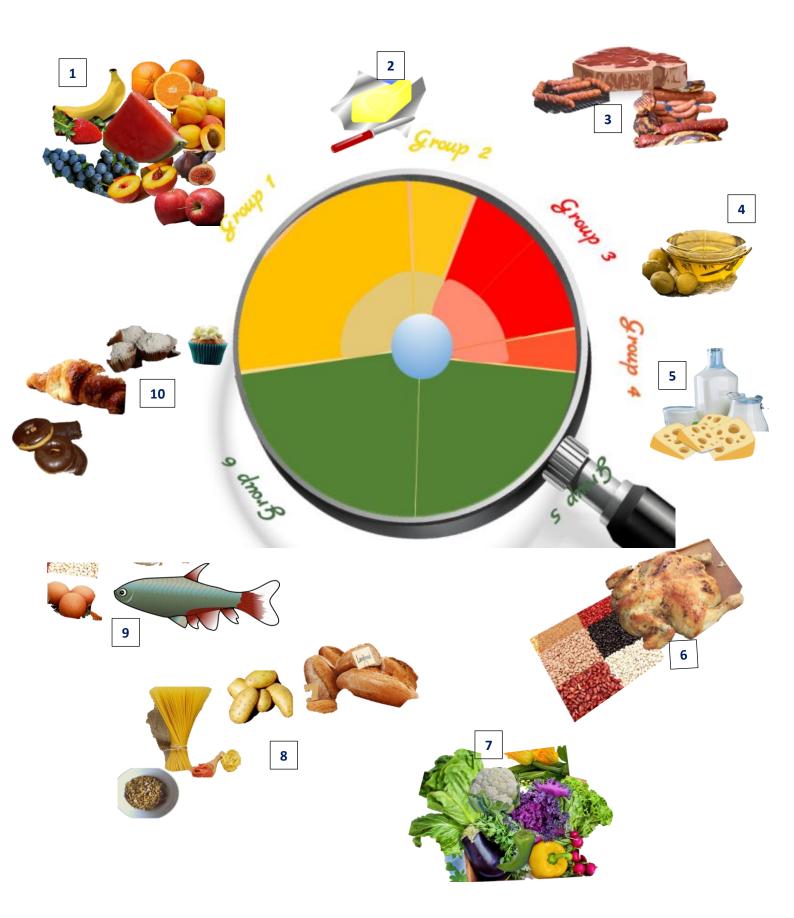
fruit, vegetables, nuts, cereals

butter, bacon

milk, eggs, fish oil

4.- THE FOOD WHEEL

Place each image in the correct group. How many foods can you name in each group?



5.- THE FOOD WHEEL

Which composition has each food group? Which foods belong to which group?

COMPOSITION

PROTEINS
LIPIDS
CARBOHYDRATES
VITAMINS & MINERALS

FOODS

watermelon, apricot, grapes, peach, nuts
olive oil, butter
milk, cheese, yoghurt
potatoes, bread, pasta, legumes, cupcakes
chicken, eggs, tuna, sausages, legumes
pepper, lettuce, zucchini, aubergine, cauliflower

COMPOSITION	GROUP 1	FOODS
COMPOSITION	GROUP 2	FOODS
COMPOSITION	GROUP 3	FOODS
COMPOSITION	GROUP 4	FOODS
COMPOSITION	GROUP 5	FOODS
COMPOSITION	GROUP 6	FOODS



6.- THE FOOD WHEEL: FOODS AND THEIR FUNCTIONS

Write the information in the boxes under the correct heading.

GROUPS 1 & 2 - CARBOHYDRATES & LIPIDS

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

GROUPS 3 & 4 - PROTEINS

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

GROUPS 5 & 6 - VITAMINS AND MINERALS

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

provide substances to regulate other food

provide structure for cells, tissues and organs

build body structures

enable the body to carry out its functions

are body regulators

provide energy that we can use immediately

produce energy

provide energy that we can use later

enable repair of damaged tissues

enable growth

ANSWER KEY

1.- ORGANIC NUTRIENTS: WHAT ARE THEY? WHAT DO THEY DO? ENERGY PROVIDERS - CARBOHYDRATES

- 1. are fuel for our cells
- 2. are an energy reserve
- 3. are stored in the muscles & the liver

LIPIDS (fats & oils)

- 4. ADIPOSITES are the cells that store the excess of energy
- 5. ADIPOSE TISSUE protects your organs and shapes your body

BUILDING NUTRIENTS - PROTEINS

- 6. are part of many tissues & organs
- 7. defend the body
- 8. carry oxygen in the blood

REGULATING NUTRIENTS - VITAMINS

- 9. help in many organic processes
- 10. are important for growth

2.- WHERE DO ORGANIC NUTRIENTS COME FROM?

CARBOHYDRATES

PLANT: fruit, cereals, potatoes
 PRODUCTS: SUGAR AND FLOUR

LIPIDS (fats & oils)

3. PLANT: vegetable oils, nuts4. ANIMAL: butter, bacon

PROTEINS

5. PLANT: legumes, cereals

6. ANIMAL: fish, meat, milk. eggs

VITAMINS

7. PLANT: fruit, vegetables, nuts, cereals

8. ANIMAL: milk, eggs, fish oil

3.- THE FOOD WHEEL: COMPOSITION AND SOURCE OF FOOD GROUPS

COMPOSITION

GROUP 1: CARBOHYDRATES

GROUP 2: LIPIDS

GROUPS 3 & 4: PROTEINS

GROUPS 5 & 6: VITAMINS & MINERALS

SOURCE

- 1. POTATOES CEREALS SUGAR
- 2. OILS BUTTER
- 3. **MEATS FISH EGGS**
- 4. DAIRY PRODUCTS
- **5. VEGETABLES**
- 6. FRUITS

4.- THE FOOD WHEEL



5.- THE FOOD WHEEL

Which composition has each food group? Which foods belong to which group?

GROUP 1: CARBOHYDRATES: potatoes, bread, pasta, legumes, cupcakes

GROUP 2: LIPIDS: olive oil, butter

GROUP 3: PROTEINS: chicken, eggs, tuna, sausages, legumes

GROUP 4: PROTEINS: milk, cheese, yoghurt

GROUP 5: VITAMINS & MINERALS: pepper, lettuce, zucchini, aubergine, cauliflower GROUP 6: VITAMINS & MINERALS: watermelon, apricot, grapes, peach, nuts

6.- THE FOOD WHEEL: FOODS AND THEIR FUNCTIONS

Groups 1 & 2 - Carbohydrates & Lipids

produce energy provide energy that we can use immediately provide energy that we can use later

Groups 3 & 4 - Proteins

build body structures provide structure for cells, tissues and organs enable growth enable repair of damaged tissues

Groups 5 & 6 - Vitamins and minerals

are body regulators provide substances to regulate other food enable the body to carry out its functions